REVISION EXERCISE 5

QUIZ ANSWERS AND COMMENTARY

 Partner opens 1NT and you bid 2♣ Stayman.
Partner rebids 2♥. What is your rebid?



Partner has bid the suit you wanted – hearts. We know our rebid is in hearts but will it be 3∇ or 4∇ ?

The 3∇ bid in support of opener would normally show 10–12 total points, whereas 4∇ would show 13+ TPs. To calculate total points, we add 11 HCPs to one ruffing point for the diamond singleton making 12 TPs in all. Our rebid is therefore 3∇ , leaving it up to our partner to go further if holding additional strength.

 Partner opens 1NT and you bid 2♣ Stayman.
Partner rebids 2♥. What is your rebid?



You wanted to hear 2♠ from opener but that was not to be. Remembering the Stayman bidder never bids a new suit, only a no-trumps bid is left. 2NT shows 11–12 HCPs so that is what we rebid.

It is up to opener to correct to a spade contract should four spades be held as well as the four hearts already shown.

 Partner opens 1NT and you bid 2♣ Stayman.
Partner rebids 2♠. What is your rebid?



Good news, opener has rebid the suit you wanted, so all we need to do is determine if our rebid is $3 \spadesuit$ or $4 \spadesuit$. Calculating our total points again, we have 11 HCPs plus three for the heart singleton giving 14 TPs – enough for game. So we bid game in $4 \spadesuit$.

4. Partner opens 1NT and you bid 2♣ Stayman. Partner rebids 2♦. What is your rebid?



Opener's 2\$\phi\$ rebid shows that no 4-card major is held so we can't have a fit. We fall back to a no-trumps bid where 11 HCPs is shown as 2NT. (3NT would be 13+ HCPs.) Again we remember that the Stayman bidder never bids a new suit and avoid any heart or spade bid.

ANALYSIS OF ANSWERS RECEIVED

Common mishaps

By far the most common bidding error was calculating the correct level of bid when supporting opener's major. These relate to questions 1 and 3 where either a 3-level or 4-level supporting rebid is required. About half the answers were in error.

The following section reprises the rules for raising opener's major suit to the correct level.

NOTE ON LEVEL OF SUPPORT AND RUFFING POINTS

Level of support for opener

If partner has opened with a suit bid and you (as responder) wish to support that suit, the level at which you bid gives a reasonably good indication of the strength of your hand:

- 2-of the suit shows 6–9 total points
- 3-of the suit shows 10–12 total points
- 4-of the suit shows 13+ total points

When using Stayman as responder, we are already telling partner (opener) that we have 11+ HCPs as our use of Stayman is based on the assumption that the minimum final contract will be 2NT if there is no major suit fit. When opener rebids a major suit in replying to Stayman, opener is showing nothing more than a minimum opening strength hand, so our normal raises still apply. Clearly we cannot bid opener's major at the 2-level as opener has already bid at the 2-level. Our supporting rebids are therefore at the 3- or 4-level with exactly the same point ranges as if partner had opened that suit at the 1-level.

It is key to correct suit bidding by responder is to make sure the above list is thoroughly understood and consistently applied.

Calculating ruffing points

Ruffing points are a reasonable estimation of the extra strength a hand has by virtue of its ability to gain tricks by ruffing – over and above the hand's basic high card strength. RPs are added for short suits:

- Doubleton one ruffing point
- Singleton three ruffing points
- Void five ruffing points

To put this into context, a singleton is worth the same as a king and a void is better than an ace. Some examples of similar hands having 11 HCPs where responder is supporting opener's hearts after a 1% opening or a 2% reply to Stayman (and other situations):

